

Section A4.4: SEA of plans & programmes – Consultation with authorities

Resource Manual to Support Application of the UNECE Protocol on Strategic Environmental Assessment

A4.4 Consultation with authorities



- Legal obligations
- Possible practical considerations







A4.4.1 Legal obligations



- Article 9 Consultation with Environmental and Health Authorities
 - 1. Each Party shall **designate the authorities** to be consulted which, by reason of their specific environmental or health responsibilities, are likely to be concerned by the environmental, including health, effects of the implementation of the P/P.
 - 2. The draft plan or programme and the environmental report shall be **made available** to the authorities referred to in paragraph 1.
 - 3. Each Party shall ensure that the authorities referred to in paragraph 1 are given, in an early, timely and effective manner, the opportunity to express their opinion on the draft P/P and the environmental report.
 - 4. Each Party shall determine the **detailed arrangements** for informing and consulting the
 environmental and health authorities referred to in
 paragraph 1.





A4.4.1 (cont'd) Legal obligations



- Further provisions in articles 2.6 (in 'definitions'), 5.2 (in 'screening'), 6.2 (in 'scoping'), 10.4 (in 'transboundary consultation'), 11 ('decision') & 12.2 (in 'monitoring')
- In Directive, see Articles 6(1), 6(2), 6(3) & 6(5), plus:
 - preamble; Articles 2(b), 3(6), 5(4), 7(2), 8 & 9(1)





A4.4.1 (cont'd) Legal obligations



- Environmental & health authorities have an early, timely & effective opportunity to express their opinion on draft P/P & environmental report
- Determine:
 - Which environmental & health authorities to consult
 - Detailed arrangements for informing & consulting them
- Consultation with environmental & health authorities occurs several times in SEA
 - Determination of significant effects, if required while determining whether SEA required
 - Scoping
 - Environmental report





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A4.4.2 Possible practical considerations



- Parties determine detailed arrangements for informing & consulting authorities, with legislation providing framework
- 'Authorities' includes formal governmental / public authorities, defined by administrative / legal requirements
- Require designation of authorities to be consulted
 - including them in legislation
 - designating case by case
 - designating for each P/P type
 - advance determination mandatory under Directive
- Might draft service agreements / terms of reference to clarify responsibilities
- Most appropriate form of consultation needs to be selected for each P/P, or for each P/P type





A4.4.2 (cont'd) Possible practical consideration

- Many methods & techniques for consultation
 - Seeking written comments
 - Steering groups
 - Focus groups
 - Advisory committees
 - Interviews
 - Internet-based discussions
- See Chapter A5



